## FEAP 3c.-Identify gaps in students' subject matter knowledge

UNSATISFACTORY	DEVELOPING	ACCOMPLISHED	EXCEPTIONAL
The teacher states, "Remember we talked about arrays yesterday, so we will do some practice problems today." The teacher forges ahead with a presentation without checking for	The teacher states, "Remember we talked about arrays yesterdayafter a quick review, we will do some practice problems today," then she continues with the review. The teacher presents	Students use dry erase boardsto show the teacher their answers to some review problems from yesterday's lesson. Teacher provides timely feedback by calling a group of students to his table to reinforce yesterday's lesson. <b>(D)</b>	The teacher states, "Remember we talked about arrays yesterday and after looking at you work after the lesson I see we will need to do some practice problems today." Teacher says, "Thumbs up if you understand,
understanding. <b>(D)</b> The teacher presents the lesson and asks all students to complete a	the lesson and asks all students to complete a worksheet with support from their peers if necessary.	As teacher circulates following the lesson she takes notes of which students she may need	sideways if you kind of get it and thumbs down if you're confused." The teacher uses
worksheet independently. <b>(D)</b> When the students are doing group work or	The teacher wants the students to share what they have learned, but only calls upon 2-3 to	to meet with to revisit the previous lesson. Teacher asks students if they need another	exittickets to elicit evidence of individual student understanding. (D)
individual work, the teacher does not walk around and assess student completion.	share. All questions are presented with two answer options for the students. All	example before moving on with the rest of the lesson. Teacher shares a second strategy for adding	Teacher says, "Yes, that is a really good question. Does anyone have an answer for Jorge?"
	assessments are in multiple choice format.	double-digit numbers with regrouping after noticing some students look confused.	Teacher asks students to share their responses and the explanation behind their responses.
		When addressing the varsity team, the teacher uses the analogy comparing the demands of a hard basketball game to that of the pioneers.	Teacher asks students to record their knowledge and share their notes with their tablemates to record any information they may have missed. (M)
		Teacher asks students to take notes during the lesson.	The teachers asked the students to pair up with a partner to share their classification and
		Teacher asks students to look over their papers to correct their errors. <b>(D)</b>	identify potential errors in their respective understandings. (M) Students are asked to
		The teacher asked students to make a "Double-Bubble	defend their own thesis statements, topic sentences or hypothesis

Diagram" comparing	conclusions. (M)
football and soccer. (M)	
	After having introduced
Students are taught to	a few of the more
identify, analyze and	common errors in
evaluate weak	reasoning, the teacher
references. (M)	asks students to watch a
	debate and record any
	errors they observed.
	(M)

Where noted, examples based on:

- "(D)" Danielson C. (1996). *Enhancing professional practice: A framework for teaching*. Alexandria, Va: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- "(M)" Marzano, R. J. (2007). *The art and science of teaching: A comprehensive frameworkfor effective instruction*. Alexandria, Va: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.

Resources:

http://aim.cast.org/learn/historyarchive/backgroundpapers/background knowled ge

Practice for students: http://www2.open.ac.uk/students/skillsforstudy/check-for-gaps-in-yourknowledge.php

For teachers- Assessing prior knowledge http://www.cmu.edu/teaching/assessment/priorknowledge/index.html